

Ramseyer Draft Legislative Reforms to Section 230 of the Communications Decency Act

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4 (c) PROTECTION FOR “GOOD SAMARITAN” BLOCKING AND SCREENING OF OFFENSIVE MATERIAL.

6 (1) TREATMENT OF PUBLISHER OR SPEAKER.

8 (A) No provider or user of an interactive computer service shall be treated as
10 the publisher or speaker of any information provided by another
information content provider.

12 (B) Subparagraph (A) shall not apply to any decision, agreement, or action by
14 a provider or user of an interactive computer service to restrict access to or
availability of material provided by another information content
16 provider. Any applicable immunity for such conduct shall be provided
solely by Paragraph (2) of this subsection.

18 (C) For purposes of Subparagraph (A), no provider or user of an interactive
20 computer service shall be deemed a publisher or speaker for all other
information on its service provided by another information content
22 provider solely on account of actions voluntarily taken in good faith to
restrict access to or availability of specific material that the provider or
24 user has an objective reasonable belief violates its terms of service or use.

26 (2) CIVIL LIABILITY.

No provider or user of an interactive computer service shall be held liable on
account of—

28 (A) any action voluntarily taken in good faith to restrict access to or
30 availability of material that the provider or user has an objectively
reasonable belief is obscene, lewd, lascivious, filthy, excessively violent,
32 promoting terrorism or violent extremism, harassing, promoting self-harm,
or unlawful, ~~or otherwise objectionable~~, whether or not such material is
34 constitutionally protected; or

36 (B) any action taken to enable or make available to information content
38 providers or others the technical means to restrict access to material
described in Subparagraph (A). ~~paragraph (1).~~

40 (d) EXCLUSION FROM “GOOD SAMARITAN” IMMUNITY.

42 (1) “BAD SAMARITAN” CARVE-OUT. Subsection (c)(1) shall not apply in any criminal
44 prosecution under State law or any State or Federal civil action brought against an
interactive computer service provider if, at the time of the facts giving rise to the
46 prosecution or action, the service provider acted purposefully with the conscious
object to promote, solicit, or facilitate material or activity by another information

2 content provider that the service provider knew or had reason to believe would violate
Federal criminal law, if knowingly disseminated or engaged in.

4 **(2) CARVE-OUT FOR ACTUAL NOTICE OF FEDERAL CRIMINAL MATERIAL.**

6 Subsection (c)(1) shall not apply in a criminal prosecution under State law or any
state or Federal civil action brought against an interactive computer service provider
if—

- 8 (A) such prosecution or action arises out of a specific instance of material or
activity on the service that would, if knowingly disseminated or engaged
10 in, violate Federal criminal law;
- 12 (B) the provider had actual notice of that material's or activity's presence on
the service and its illegality; and
- 14 (C) the provider failed to do any of the following:
- 16 (i) expeditiously remove, restrict access to or availability of, or
18 prevent dissemination of the specific instance of material and take
reasonable steps to remove, restrict access to or availability of, or
20 prevent dissemination of the material across the service;
- 22 (ii) thereafter report the material or activity to law enforcement when
required by law or as otherwise necessary to prevent imminent
24 harm; or
- 26 (iii) preserve evidence related to the material or activity for at least 1
year.

28 **(3) JUDICIAL-DECISION CARVE-OUT.** Subsections (c)(1) and (2) shall not apply in any
30 criminal prosecution or civil action arising from the failure of an interactive computer
service provider to remove, restrict access or availability to, or prevent dissemination
32 of material within a reasonable time after receiving notice of a final judgment from a
court in the United States indicating that such material or activity is defamatory under
34 State law or unlawful in any respect. However, no interactive computer service
provider shall be held liable for removing, restricting access to, or preventing
36 dissemination of material in response to receiving such notice.

38 **(4) NOTICE MECHANISM REQUIREMENT.** An interactive computer service provider shall
make available to the public, without expense, an easily accessible and apparent
40 mechanism for notifying the provider of defamatory or unlawful material or activity
as described in Subsections (d)(2) and (3). An interactive computer service provider
42 shall not be entitled to assert immunity under Subsection (c)(1) if it designs or
operates its service to avoid receiving actual notice of Federal criminal material on its
44 service or the ability to comply with the requirements under Subsection (d)(2)(C).

2 ~~(d)~~(e) **OBLIGATIONS OF INTERACTIVE COMPUTER SERVICE.**

3 A provider of interactive computer service shall, at the time of entering an agreement
4 with a customer for the provision of interactive computer service and in a manner deemed
5 appropriate by the provider, notify such customer that parental control protections (such
6 as computer hardware, software, or filtering services) are commercially available that
7 may assist the customer in limiting access to material that is harmful to minors. Such
8 notice shall identify, or provide the customer with access to information identifying,
9 current providers of such protections.

10 ~~(e)~~(f) **EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.**

12 **(1) NO EFFECT ON CRIMINAL LAW OR FEDERAL CIVIL ENFORCEMENT.**

13 Nothing in this section shall be construed to impair the enforcement of
14 section 223 or 231 of this Act, chapter 71 (relating to obscenity) or 110 (relating
15 to sexual exploitation of children) of title 18, United States Code, or any other
16 Federal criminal statute. **Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent,
17 impair, or limit the enforcement by the United States, or any agency thereof, of
18 any civil Federal statute or regulation.**

20 **(2) NO EFFECT ON INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW.**

21 Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit or expand any law pertaining to
22 intellectual property.

24 **(3) STATE LAW.**

25 Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent any State from enforcing any
26 State law that is consistent with this section. No cause of action may be brought,
27 and no liability may be imposed, under any state or local law that is inconsistent
28 with this section.

30 **(4) NO EFFECT ON COMMUNICATIONS PRIVACY LAW.**

31 Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the application of the Electronic
32 Communications Privacy Act of 1986, or any of the amendments made by such
33 Act, or any similar State law.

34 **(5) NO EFFECT ON SEX TRAFFICKING LAW.**

35 Nothing in this section (other than subsection (c)(2)(A)) shall be construed to
36 impair or limit—

37 **(A)** any claim in a civil action brought under section 1595 of title 18, United
38 States Code, if the conduct underlying the claim constitutes a violation of
39 section 1591 of that title;

40 **(B)** any charge in a criminal prosecution brought under State law if the
41 conduct underlying the charge would constitute a violation of section 1591
42 of title 18, United States Code; or
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2 (C) any charge in a criminal prosecution brought under State law if the
3 conduct underlying the charge would constitute a violation of section
4 2421A of title 18, United States Code, and promotion or facilitation of
5 prostitution is illegal in the jurisdiction where the defendant's promotion
6 or facilitation of prostitution was targeted.

7 (6) **NO EFFECT ON ANTI-TERRORISM LAW.** Nothing in this section (other than
8 subsection (c)(2)(A)) shall be construed to prevent, impair, or limit any claim in a
9 civil action brought under section 2333 of title 18, United States Code.

10 (7) **NO EFFECT ON CHILD SEX ABUSE LAWS.** Nothing in this section (other than
11 subsection (c)(2)(A)) shall be construed to prevent, impair, or limit any civil
12 action brought under section 2255 of title 18, United States Code, or under State
13 law, if the conduct underlying the claim would constitute a violation of the
14 statutes referenced in section 2255(a).

15 (8) **NO EFFECT ON CYBER-STALKING LAWS.** Nothing in this section (other than
16 subsection (c)(2)(A)) shall be construed to prevent, impair, or limit any civil
17 action relating to harm suffered from conduct that would constitute a violation of
18 section 2261A(2) of title 18, United States Code.

19 (9) **NO EFFECT ON ANTITRUST LAWS.** Nothing in this section shall be construed to
20 prevent, impair, or limit any civil action brought under the Federal antitrust laws.

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26 **(f)(g) DEFINITIONS.**

27 As used in this section:

28 (1) **INTERNET.**

29 The term "Internet" means the international computer network of both Federal
30 and non-Federal interoperable packet switched data networks.

31 (2) **INTERACTIVE COMPUTER SERVICE.**

32 The term "interactive computer service" means any information service, system,
33 or access software provider that provides or enables computer access by multiple
34 users to a computer server, including specifically a service or system that provides
35 access to the Internet and such systems operated or services offered by libraries or
36 educational institutions.

37 (3) **INFORMATION CONTENT PROVIDER.**

38 The term "information content provider" means any person or entity that is
39 responsible, in whole or in part, for the creation or development of information
40 provided through the Internet or any other interactive computer service. **Being
41 responsible in whole or in part for the creation or development of information
42 includes, but is not limited to, instances in which a person or entity solicits,
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